

SAFETY DATA SHEET

United States

Section 1. Identification Product name

Ni Sepharose[™] 6 Fast Flow, 100 ml

17531802 Other means of identification Not available.

Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Product type

Catalogue Number

I aboratory chemicals Liquid chromatography. Scientific research and development Industrial applications: Analytical chemistry. Scientific research and development. Liquid chromatography.

Supplier

Cytiva Amersham Place Little Chalfont Buckinghamshire HP7 9NA United Kingdom +44 0800 515 313

Cvtiva USA 100 Results Way Marlborough, MÁ 01752 1-800-526-3593

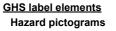
In case of emergency

INFOTRAC - 24 Hour number: 1-800-535-5053 Outside of the United States, call 24 Hour number: 001-352-323-3500 (Call Collect)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status **Classification of the substance** or mixture

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1



Signal word Hazard statements

Precautionary statements

Prevention

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2



Warning Flammable liquid and vapor. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer.

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves: 1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): butyl rubber, neoprene. Wear protective clothing: Recommended: lab coat. Wear eye or face protection: Recommended: safety glasses with side-shields. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Keep container tightly closed. Avoid breathing vapor. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

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Response	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.	
Storage	Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.	
Disposal	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.	
Hazards not otherwise classified	None known.	

Substance/mixture	Mixture		
Other means of identification	Not available.		
CAS number/other identifiers			
CAS number	Not applicable.		
Ingredient name		%	CAS number
ethanol		14 - 19	64-17-5
nickel		0.12	7440-02-0

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	Remove victim to resh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Nost important symptoms/effect	s, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symptom	<u>s</u>
Eye contact	No specific data.
Inhalation	No specific data.
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	No specific data.
Indication of immediate medical	attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
See toxicological information (Se	ection 11)

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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.			
For emergency responders	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".			
Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterway soil or air).			
Methods and materials for conta	inment and cleaning up			
Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion- proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.			
Large spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion- proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal			

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

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Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store between the following temperatures: 4 to 30°C (39.2 to 86°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits	-	P M
Ingredient name ethanol	Exposure	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). Notes: 1996 Adoption Refers to Appendix A Carcinogens.
		STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). Notes: TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
		TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
nickel		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). Notes: Refers to Appendix A Carcinogens. Inhalable fraction. See Appendix C, paragraph A. Inhalable
		Particulate Mass TLVs (IPM–TLVs) for those materials that are hazardous when deposited anywhere in the respiratory tract. 1998 Adoption. TWA: 1.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [nickel metal and other compounds as Ni] Notes: as Ni TWA: 0.015 mg/m ³ , (as Ni) 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Nickel, metal
		and insoluble compounds (as Ni)] Notes: as Ni TWA: 1 mg/m ³ , (as Ni) 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). [Nickel, metal and insoluble compounds (as Ni)] Notes: as Ni
		TWA: 1 mg/m³, (as Ni) 8 hours.
Biological exposure indices		
No exposure indices known.		
Appropriate engineering controls	engineering controls to keep worker exposure	cess enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other e to airborne contaminants below any recommended or o need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below poof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process e with the requirements of environmental prote	quipment should be checked to ensure they comply ction legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters quipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to
ndividual protection measures		
Hygiene measures	smoking and using the lavatory and at the en should be used to remove potentially contam	after handling chemical products, before eating, d of the working period. Appropriate techniques inated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that se to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure possible, the following protection should be w	standard should be used when a risk assessment to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is vorn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree s. Recommended: safety glasses with side-shields
Skin protection		
Hand protection	times when handling chemical products if a ri Considering the parameters specified by the are still retaining their protective properties. glove material may be different for different g of several substances, the protection time of	ying with an approved standard should be worn at all isk assessment indicates this is necessary. glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any love manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. 1 - 4 hours
	(breakthrough time): butyl rubber, neoprene	and groves cannot be accurately estimated. 1 - 4 1100

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Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Recommended: lab coat
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
Personal protective equipment (Pictograms)	

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u> Physical state	Liquid.						
Color	Blue. Green.						
Odor	Alcohol-like. [Slight]						
Odor threshold	180 ppm	180 ppm					
рН	5.5 to 8.5 [Conc. (%	5 w/w): 100%	b]				
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.						
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	Not available.						
Flash point	Closed cup: 38 to 4	3°C (100.4 t	o 109.4°F)				
Burning time	Not applicable.						
Burning rate	Not applicable.						
Evaporation rate	Not available.						
Flammability	Not available.						
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	Not available.						
Vapor pressure	Not available.		_				
		Va	por Pressu	re at 20°C	Vapor pressure at 50°C		
	Ingredient name ethanol	mm Hg 42.95	kPa 5.7	Method	mm Hg kPa	Method	
	water	23.8	3.2				
	Agarose	0	0				
Relative vapor density	Not available.						
Relative density	Not available.						
Solubility(ies)							
	Media		Result				
	cold water hot water		asily soluble asily soluble				
Solubility in water	Not available.						
Miscible with water	Yes.						
Partition coefficient: n-octan water	ol/ Not applicable.						
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.						
C .	Ingredient name		°C	°F	Method		
	ethanol		455	851	DIN 51794		
	N = 4 = 5 = 9 = 5 + 5						
Decomposition temperature	Not available.						
SADT	Not available. Not available.						
Viscosity Flow time (ISO 2431)	Not available.						
Particle characteristics Median particle size	Not applicable.						



Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Product/ingredient name ethanol	Result LC50 Inhala	ation Vapor		Species Rat	Dose 124700 mg/m³	Exposure 4 hours
Irritation/Corrosion Not available.						
<u>Sensitization</u> Not available.						
<u>Mutagenicity</u> Not available.						
Carcinogenicity Not available.						
Classification Product/ingredient name Nickel	OSHA -	IARC 2B	NTP Reasonably	anticipated to be	a human carcinogen.	
Reproductive toxicity Not available.						
<u>Teratogenicity</u> Not available.						
Specific target organ toxicity (si Not available.	ingle exposu	<u>re)</u>				
<u>Specific target organ toxicity (re</u> Name Nickel	epeated expo	<u>sure)</u>		e gory egory 1	Route of exposure	Target organs -
Aspiration hazard Not available.						
Information on the likely routes of exposure	Routes of en	try anticipate	d: Oral, Derm	al, Inhalation, Ey	es.	
Potential acute health effects						
Eye contact	No known sig	gnificant effe	cts or critical h	azards.		
Inhalation	No known significant effects or critical hazards.					
Skin contact	May cause an allergic skin reaction.					
Ingestion	-		cts or critical h			
Symptoms related to the physical	I, chemical ar	nd toxicolog	ical characte	ristics		
Eye contact	No specific d					
Inhalation	No specific d					
Skin contact	Adverse sym irritation redness	ptoms may i	nclude the foll	owing:		
Ingestion	No specific d	ata.				
Ingestion <u>Delayed and immediate effects ar</u>			om short and	long term expo	osure	

Short term exposure

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Potential immediate effects	Not available.							
Potential delayed effects	Not available.							
<u>Long term exposure</u>								
Potential immediate effects	Not available.							
Potential delayed effects	Not available.							
Potential chronic health effects								
Not available.								
General	Once sensitized, a s	severe allergic reaction	n may occur v	when subseque	ntly exposed to	very low level		
Carcinogenicity	Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.							
Mutagenicity	•	nt effects or critical haz						
Reproductive toxicity	No known significar	nt effects or critical haz	zards.					
Numerical measures of toxicity								
Acute toxicity estimates								
Product/ingredient name		Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg I)		
ethanol		7000	N/A	N/A	124.7	N/A		
Other information	Adverse symptoms include the following: kidney abnormalities liver abnormalities Adverse symptoms may include the following: central nervous system depression							
Section 12. Ecological in	formation							
Toxicity								
Product/ingredient name	Result		Species			Exposure		
ethanol	Acute EC50 3306 r Acute EC50 1074 r			- <i>Ulva pertusa</i> iceans - <i>Cypris</i> s	subalobosa	96 hours 48 hours		
	Acute EC50 9.3 mg/l Fresh water		Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>			48 hours		
	Acute LC50 11000000 µg/l Marine water Chronic NOEC 4.995 mg/l Marine water		Fish - Alburnus alburnus			96 hours 96 hours		
	Chronic NOEC 100 ul/L Fresh water		Algae - <i>Ulva pertusa</i> Daphnia <i>- Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate			21 days		
Nickel	Acute EC50 2 ppm Marine water		Algae - Macrocystis pyrifera - Young			4 days		
	Acute EC50 450 µc Acute EC50 1000 µ	Aquatic plants - <i>Lemna minor</i> Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>			4 days 48 hours			
	Acute LC50 34.6 μ	Crustaceans - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> - 48 Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,			48 hours			
	Acute LC50 1.3 ppm Fresh water			Weanling) Fish - <i>Cyprinus carpio</i> - Juvenile				
	Acute 2000 1.5 ppint resh water		(Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)		96 hours			
	Chronic NOEC 100 mg/l Marine water				72 hours			
Persistence and degradability				_				
Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	0 dava	Dose	Inoci	ulum		
ethanol	-	100 % - Readily - 2	0 days	-	-			
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life Phote		olysis Biodegradabi		lity			
ethanol	-	-			Readily			
Bioaccumulative potential								
Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow} BCF				Potential			
ethanol	-0.35	0.66			Low			
Nickel	-	16			Low			
Mobility in soil Soil/water partition coefficient (K	Not available.							

. Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the

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		t, weld or grind used containers unless they hav persal of spilled material and runoff and contact	
Waste stream	Code: D001 Classification: Ignital	pility	
Section 14. Transport	information		
Product is not regulated as	dangerous goods for tra	nsport.	
Section 15. Regulator	ry information		
J.S. Federal regulations		mpt/Partial exemption: Not determined	
	Clean Water Act (C	WA) 307 : Nickel	
Clean Air Act Section 112(b) HAPs)	Hazardous Air Pollutant	s Listed	
Clean Air Act Section 602 Cla		Not listed	
Clean Air Act Section 602 Cla		Not listed Not listed	
DEA List I Chemicals (Precu DEA List II Chemicals (Esser	,	Not listed	
SARA 302/304	ina onemicals)	Notlisted	
<u>Composition/information o</u>	n ingradiants		
	<u>n ingredients</u>		
No products were found.	Notarallast		
SARA 304 RQ	Not applicable.		
SARA 311/312			
Classification	FLAMMABLE LIQUI SKIN SENSITIZATIO CARCINOGENICITY	DN - Category 1	
Composition/information o	n ingredients		
Name	%	Classification	
ethanol nickel	14 - 19 0.12	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	
	0.12	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (F Category 1	REPEATED EXPOSURE) -
SARA 313			
	Product name	CAS numb	oer %
Form R - Reporting requirements	Nickel	7440-02-0	0.12
Supplier notification	Nickel	7440-02-0	0.12
SARA 313 notifications must redistribution of the notice att		SDS and any copying and redistribution of the S S subsequently redistributed.	DS shall include copying and
State regulations			
Massachusetts	The following compo	nents are listed: ETHYL ALCOHOL	
New York	None of the compon		
New Jersey	• •	nents are listed: ETHYL ALCOHOL; NICKEL	
Pennsylvania	The following compo	nents are listed: ETHANOL	
California Prop. 65 WARNING: This produc information go to www.F		, which is known to the State of California to cau	ise cancer. For more
Ingredient name		No significant ris	· · · · ·
Nickel		level -	dosage level -
nternational regulations			
Chemical Weapon Convent Not listed.	ion List Schedules I, II &	III Chemicals	
Montreal Protocol Not listed.			
Stockholm Convention on I Not listed.	Persistent Organic Pollut	ants	
Normaliana	7501000		5



Ni Sepharose™ 6 Fast Flow, 100 m	nl	1	7531802
Rotterdam Convention on Prior	r Informed Consent (PIC)		
Not listed.			
UNECE Aarhus Protocol on PO	Ps and Heavy Metals		
Not listed.			
Inventory list			
United States	Not determined.		
Canada inventory	All components are listed or exe	empted.	
Section 16. Other information	otion	·	
National Fire Protection Associat	<u>tion (U.S.A.)</u>		
	3 Flammat	bility	
	Health 2 0 Instal	pility/Reactivity	
	Special I	hazards	
Procedure used to derive the clas	ssification		
Classif	fication	Justification	
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Categor SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2	y 1	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method	
History			
Date of printing	9/29/2023		
Date of issue/Date of revision	9/29/2023		
Date of previous issue	5/24/2022		
Version	9		
Key to abbreviations	sds_author@cytiva.com ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate		
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized Sy IATA = International Air Transpo IBC = Internediate Bulk Contair IMDG = International Maritime I LogPow = logarithm of the octair	ner Dangerous Goods nol/water partition coefficient ntion for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as mo	dified
References	Not available.		
Indicates informa	tion that has changed from previo	busly issued version.	

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

